



TDB4-U200 relay - Timer, delay-on, 4 pole

Datasheet



Description

Plug-in electronic railway timer relay with four change-over contacts. When the relay is activated there is a delay on pull-in. The delay time is adjustable with a lockable knob. The relay can also be supplied with a fixed time delay (no knob).

The relay is equipped with two LEDs which indicate the presence of power supply and the energizing of the coil. Also standard equipped with magnetic arc blow-out for high breaking capacity and long contact life.

The construction of the relay and choice of materials makes the TDB4-U200 relay suitable to withstand low and high temperatures, shock & vibrating and dry to humid environments.

No external retaining clip needed as integrated 'snap-lock' will hold relay into socket under all circumstances and mounting directions.

Compact design, choice of many options and a wide range of sockets makes the TDB4-U200 relay an easy and flexible solution to use

Application

These relays are designed for demanding rolling stock applications. The TDB4-U200 is used in applications where a time delay is necessary after activating the relay.

Features

- Time delay relay, delay on pull-in
- Compact plug-in design
- 4 C/O contacts
- Delay time adjustable with a lockable knob
- Also available with fixed time delay
- Magnetic arc blow-out
- Two LEDs for status indication
- Flat, square and silver plated relay pins for excellent socket connection
- · Wide range sockets
- Integrated snap lock
- Transparent cover
- Optional positive mechanical keying relay to socket

Benefits

- Proven reliable
- Long term availability
- Easy to maintain
- Low life cycle cost
- No maintenance

Railway compliancy

- EN 50155 Electronic equipment used on rolling stock for railway applications
- IEC 60571 Electronic equipment used on railway vehicles
- IEC 60077 Electrical equipment for rolling stock in railway applications
- IEC 60947 Low voltage switch gear and control gear
- IEC 61373 Rolling stock equipment -Shock and vibration test
- IEC 60947-5-4 Electromechanical components for control applications.
 This standard examines both coil and contact specifications in depth
- EN 50121 Electromagnetic compatibility for railway applications
- NF F 16-101/102, EN 45545-2 Fire behaviour Railway rolling stock
- NF F 62-002 On-off contact relays and fixed connections







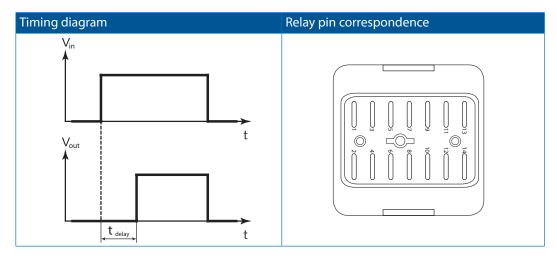


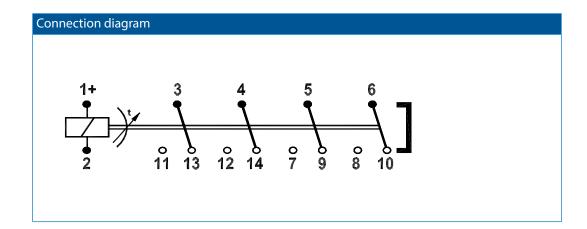






Functional and connection diagrams









Time delay specifications

Time delay function	Delay on pull-in		
Available time ranges, adjustable (xx)	0.11 s	0.33 s	0.66 s
	110 s		
	0.33 min	0.66 min	110 min
	330 min	660 min	
Accuracy - adjustment	< 10 % of full sc	ale value	
	After adjusting /	fixed time setting: no	variation in
	setpoint		
Accuracy - repeatability	± 0.5 %		
Time variation - vs. voltage variation	± 0.05 % / % U ₁	nom	
Time variation - vs. temperature variation	± 0.02 % / K		
Pull-in time	Depending on p	ull-in time setting (xx	()
Recovery time	<u>+</u> 0.1 s		
Release time	< 30 ms		
Maximum permissible ripple	50 %		

Example time delay: Time range 0.3...3 s

Time delay set on 2 s: delay will be between 1.7 s...2.3 s

For example: 2.0 s. The ambient temperature is 40 degrees Celsius which is 20 degrees different compared to the standard 20 degrees Celsius. This results in 0.4 % extra time variation. The applied voltage is 30% lower than the nominal voltage. This results in 1.5 % extra time variation. The total maximum time variation is then 0.5 % (repeatability) + 0.4 % (temperature variation) + 1.5 % (voltage variation) = 2.4 %. In this case every new pulse will be between 1.95 s and 2.05 s.

Coil characteristics

Operating voltage range	0.71.25 Unom
Nominal power consumption	During time delay < 0.875 W (220 V)
	< 0.375 W (110 V)
	Lower voltage = lower power
	After time delay < 3.6 W (220 V)
	< 3 W (110 V)
	Lower voltage = lower power

Туре	Unom (VDC)	Umin (VDC)	Umax (VDC)	Udrop-out (VDC)
TDB4-U201-xx	24	16.8	30	2.4
TDB4-U202-xx	48	33.6	60	4.8
TDB4-U203-xx	72	50.4	90	7.2
TDB4-U204-xx	110	77.0	138	11.0
TDB4-U205-xx	96	67.2	120	9.6
TDB4-U207-xx	36	25.2	45	3.6

Other types on request

Remarks:

- Umin is the must-operate voltage at which the relay has picked up in all circumstances (worst case situation), in practice the relay picks up at a lower voltage
- Udrop-out is the must-release voltage at which the relay has dropped-out in all circumstances (worst case situation), in practice the relay drops out at a higher voltage
- To reset the time function, the voltage must drop below Urelease
- Always select the nominal voltage as close as possible to the actual voltage in the application







Amount and type of contacts

Contact characteristics

 Maximum make current
 16 A

 Peak inrush current
 200 A (withstand > 10 x 200 A @ 10 ms, 1 min)

 Maximum continuous current
 10 A (AC1 ; IEC 60947)

 Maximum switching voltage
 250 VDC, 440 VAC

 Minimum switching voltage
 12 V

 Minimum switching current
 10 mA

 Maximum breaking capacity
 110 VDC, 8 A (L/R ≤ 15 ms)

4 C/O

Maximum breaking capacity 110 VDC, 8 A (L/R \leq 15 ms) 230 VAC, $10 \text{ A (cos } \phi \geq 0.7)$

Contact resistance 15 m Ω (initial)

Material Ag Standard (optional AgSnO₂, Au on Ag)

Contact gap 0.7 mm
Contact force > 200 mN

Electrical characteristics

Dielectric strengthEN 50155Pole-poleIEC 60255-54 kV, 50 Hz, 1 minCont-coilIEC 600772 kV, 50 Hz, 1 minPulse withstandingIEC 60255-55 kV (1.2/50 μs)Insulation between open contacts2.5 kV; 50 Hz; 1 minEMCEN 50121-3-2 compliant

Mechanical characteristics

Mechanical life

Maximum switching frequency

Mechanical: 3600 ops/h

Electrical: 1200 ops/h

Maximum torque value screw to lock knob

Weight

Mechanical: 3600 ops/h

190 g (with adjustable knob)

Environmental characteristics

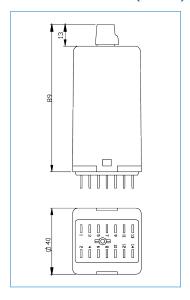
Environmental EN 50125-1 and IEC 60077-1 Vibration IEC 61373, Category I, Class B, Body mounted Shock IEC 61373, Category I, Class B, Body mounted Operating temperature -25 °C...+70 °C (with option C: -40 °C) Humidity 93% Salt mist IEC 60068-2-11, class 4 Damp heat IEC 60068-2-30, Test method Db variant 1 Protection IEC 60529, IP40 (relay on socket) (with option K: IP50) NF F 16-101, NF F16-102, EN 45545-2 Fire & smoke Insulation materials Cover: polycarbonate Base: polyester







Dimensions (mm)



Options

Code	Description Remark			
С	Low temperature (-40 °C)	Icontact < 8 A		
E *	Au; Gold plated contacts (10 μm)		M	
K	Dust protection	IP50**		
M	AgSnO ₂ : non-weldable contacts	F contact > 100 mA	E	
N	No magnetic arc blow-out			
Q	Double zener diode	Max. allowed peak voltage 180 V,		
		higher voltage will damage the diode		
Y	Double make/double break contacts	2 C/O DM/DB, -40 °C		
		7 9 8 10		
Keying	Coil coding relay and socket	11 13 12 14		
Colour coding	Coloured cover for coil voltage coding			

* Gold plated contacts characteristics			
Material	Ag, 10 μm gold plated		
Maximum switching voltage	60 V (higher voltages may be possible, contact		
	Mors Smitt for more information)		
Maximum switching current	400 mA (at higher rate gold will evaporate, then the		
	standard silver contact rating of minimum 10 mA and		
	12 V is valid)		
Minimum switching voltage	5 V		
Minimum switching current	1 mA		
** IP50 Cat2 for relays mounted in a Mors Smitt socket, application PD1/PD2 and contact load >0.5A.			







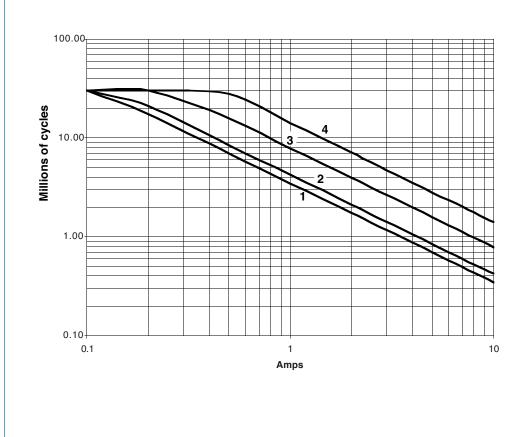
AC Current breaking capacity at $\cos \varphi = 1$

AC Current breaking capacity versus life expectancy in millions of cycles. Rate of contacts opening and closing = 1200 operations per hour.

Curves shown for resistive load (Power Factor = 1).

Curve	1	2	3	4
VAC	220	125	48	24

AC Current breaking capacity









AC Current breaking capacity at $\cos \varphi = 0.7$; 0.5; 0.3

AC Current breaking capacity versus life expectancy in millions of cycles.

Rate of contacts opening and closing = 1200 operations per hour.

Values shown for inductive loads -

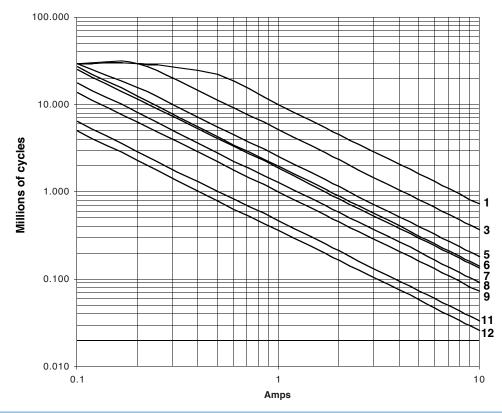
---- Cos Ø = 0.7

 $----\cos \emptyset = 0.5$

—-— $\cos \emptyset = 0.3$

Curves	1	3	5	6	7	8	9	11	12
VAC	24	24	125	220	24	125	220	125	220
Cos Ø	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3

AC Current breaking capacity









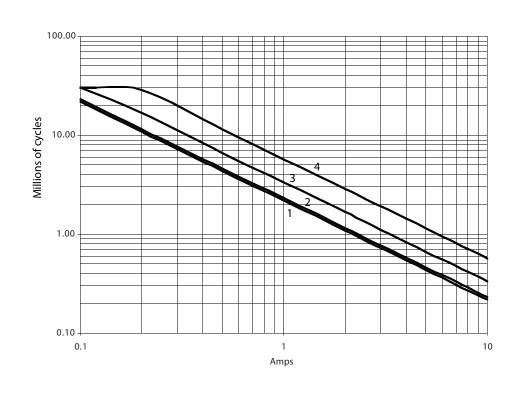
DC Current breaking capacity at L/R = 0

DC Current breaking capacity versus life expectancy in millions of cycles. Rate of contacts opening and closing = 1200 operations per hour. Curves shown for resistive load (L/R = 0). Continuous current.

* By connecting 2 contacts in series, we increase the DC current breaking capacity by 50 %

Curve	1	2	3	4
VDC	220	125	48	24

DC Current breaking capacity







DC Current breaking capacity L/R = 20 ms; 40 ms

DC Current breaking capacity versus life expectancy in millions of cycles. Rate of contacts opening and closing = 1200 operations per hour.

Curves shown for inductive load -

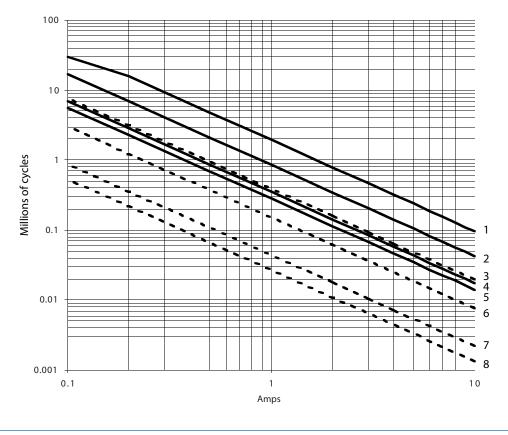
L/R = 20 ms continuous current

- - - L/R = 40 ms continuous current

 * By connecting 2 contacts in series, we increase the DC current breaking capacity by 50 %

Curves	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
VDC	24	48	24	125	220	48	125	220
L/R (ms)	20	20	40	20	20	40	40	40

DC Current breaking capacity









TDB4-U200 relay Sockets

Mounting possibilities/sockets



Surface/wall mounting

338000302	V22BR	Screw socket, wall mount, front connection (9 mm terminals)
338000580	V23	Screw socket, wall mount, front connection (7.5 mm terminals)
338000610	V29	Spring clamp socket, wall mount, front dual connection (2.5 mm²)

Rail mounting

338000580	V23	Screw socket, rail mount, front connection (7.5 mm terminals)
338000402	V23BR	Screw socket, rail mount, front connection (9 mm terminals)
338000610	V29	Spring clamp socket, rail mount, front dual connection (2.5 mm²)

Panel/flush mounting

338100100	V3	Solder tag socket, panel mount, rear connection
328400100	V26	Crimp contact socket, panel mount, rear connection, A260 crimp contact
338000560	V31	Faston connection socket, rear dual connection (6.3 mm)
338000570	V33	Spring clamp socket, flush mount, rear dual connection (2.5 mm²)

PCB mounting

338000561	V32	PCB soldering socket

For more details see datasheets of the sockets







TDB4-U200 relay Keying

Mechanical keying relay and socket (optional)





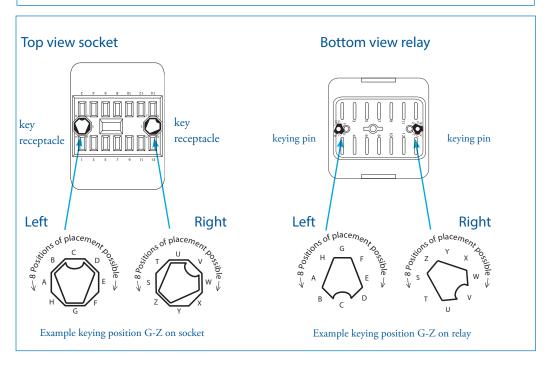
Function:

- To prevent wrong installation
- To prevent damage to equipment
- To prevent unsafe situations

Using keyed relays and sockets prevents a relay is inserted in a wrong socket. For example it prevents that a 24 VDC relay is put in a 110 VDC circuit. Positive discrimination is possible per different function, coil voltage, timing, monitoring, safety and non-safety.

The D relay socket keying option gives $8 \times 8 = 64$ possibilities. Upon ordering the customer simply indicates the need for the optional keying. Mors Smitt will assign a code to the relay and fix the pins into the relay. The sockets are supplied with loose key receptacles. Inserting the keys into the socket is very simple and self explaining.

Remark: Sockets and relay shown are only examples.









TDB4-U200 relay Instructions

Installation, operation & inspection

Installation

Before installation or working on the relay: disconnect the power supply first! Install socket and connect wiring according to the terminal identification. Plug relay into the socket ensuring there is no gap between the bottom of relay and the socket. Reverse installation into the socket is not possible due to the mechanical blocking snap-lock feature. Check to ensure that the coil connection polarity is not reversed. Relays can be mounted tightly together to save space.

When rail mounting is used, always mount the socket in the direction of the UP arrow, to have proper fixation of the socket on the rail.

Warning!

- Never use silicon in the proximity of the relays.
- Do not use the relay in the presence of flammable gas as the arc generated from switching could cause ignition.
- To remove relays from the socket, employ up and down lever movements. Sideway movement may cause damage to the coil wires.







Operation

After installation always apply the rated voltage to the coil to check correct operation.

Long term storage may corrode the silver on the relay pins. When plugging the relay into the socket, the female bifurcated or trifurcated receivers will automatically cut through the corrosion on the pins and guarantee a reliable connection.

Before actual use of relays, it is advised to switch the load several times with the contacts. The contacts will both be electrically and mechanically cleaned due to the positive wiping action. Sometimes a contact can build up increased contact resistance ($\leq 15~\text{m}\Omega$ when new). When using silver contacts one can clean the contact by switching a contact load a few times using >24 VDC & ~2 A. Increased contact resistance is not always problematic, as it depends on circuit conditions. In general a contact resistance of $1~\Omega$ is no problem, consult Mors Smitt for more information.

Condensation in the relay is possible when the coil is energised (warm) and the outside, environmental temperature is cold. This is a normal phenomenon and will not affect the function of the relay. Materials in the relay have no hygroscopic properties.

Inspection

Correct operation of the relay can easily be checked as the transparent cover provides good visibility of the moving contacts. If the relay does not seem to operate correctly, check for presence of the appropriate coil voltage and polarity using a suitable multimeter. If a LED is fitted, it indicates voltage presence to the coil. If coil voltage is present, but the relay does not operate, a short circuit of the suppression diode is possible (This may be due to the coil connection having been reversed).

If the relay doesn't work after inspection, replace the relay unit with a similar model. Do not attempt to open the relay cover or try to repair. Contacts are calibrated and in balance, touching can affect proper operation. Also re soldering may affect correct operation. Since 2009 relays have tamper proof seals fitted and once broken, warranty is void.

Most relay defects are caused by installation faults such as over voltage, spikes/transients, high/short current far exceeding the relay specifications. When returning the relays for investigation, please provide all information on the RMA form. Send defective relays back to the manufacturer for repair or replacement. Normal wear and tear or external causes are excluded from warranty.







TDB4-U200 relay

Ordering scheme

Configuration:

TDB4-U2 04 - C 1 - 10 s

1. Relay model

2. Coil voltage

3. Options

4. Time range

This example represents a TDB4-U204-C 1 - 10 s

Description: TDB4 - U200 relay, Unom: 110 VDC, low temperature (-40 °C), time range 1...10 s

1. Relay model

TDB4 - U2

2. Coil voltages

01 24 VDC
02 48 VDC
03 72 VDC
04 110 VDC
05 96 VDC
07 36 VDC

3. Options

C Low temp. (-40 °C) - Max. contact current 8 A
 E Gold plated contacts
 K Dust protection, IP50
 M AgSnO₂ contacts, high resistant to welding
 N No magnetic arc blow-out
 Q Double zener diode
 Y Double make/double break (CY -40 °C)

Upon ordering indicate keying if necessary.

4. Time ranges

0.11 s	
0.33 s	0.33 min
0.66 s	0.66 min
110 s	110 min
330 s	330 min
660 s	660 min
	or fixed (no knob)













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