# Mors Smitt



# **TBSBAO 400 relay - Delay-on pull-in,**Datasheet4 C/O



## Description

The TBSBAO 400 is a delay-on pull-in relay with 4 double make / double break C/O contacts (form Z). The delay is fully programmable with a dip switch) from 50 ms to 1.023 s. The access to dip switch is available by removing time delay cover. This feature prohibits frivolous field time delay setting.

The plug-in design offers secure locking feature for maximum ease of maintenance (no wires need to be disconnected or other hardware removed for relay inspection or replacement). The resistance to impact and vibration is conform to standards in force for Railway Transported Equipment.

Positive mechanical keying of relay to socket is built into relay and socket during manufacture and terminal identifications are clearly marked on identification plate that is permanently attached to the relay.

The TBSBAO 400 relay is pluggable in the following sockets: EA 102 B, EA 102 BF, EA 103 BF, EA 104 B, EA 104 BF, EA 105 BF, EA 112 BF.

### Application

The TBSBAO 400 timing relay is designed for heavy duty applications with a programmable timing function used for example in HVAC and lighting.

### Features

- Delay-on pull-in
- Delay range 50 ms...1.023 s
- Time delay fully programmable by dip switch
- Status LED indicator
- Plug-in design with secure locking feature for maximum ease of maintenance
- 4 double make / double break C/O contacts (form Z), 12 A
- In standard with weld no transfer contacts
- -40 °C...+85 °C operating temperature.

### Benefits

- Proven reliable in heavy duty application
- Weld no transfer
- Long life cycle
- Accurate timing selection finger safe
- Easy to maintain and replace
- Low life cycle cost
- No maintenance

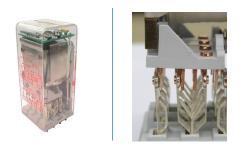
### Railway compliancy

- NF F 62-002 Rolling stock -Instantaneous relays contacts and sockets
- NF F 16-101/102 Fire behaviour -Railway rolling stock
- EN 50155 Railway application -Electronic equipment used on rolling stock
- IEC 61373 Railway application shock and vibration tests

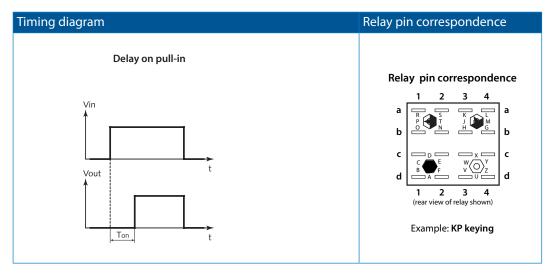




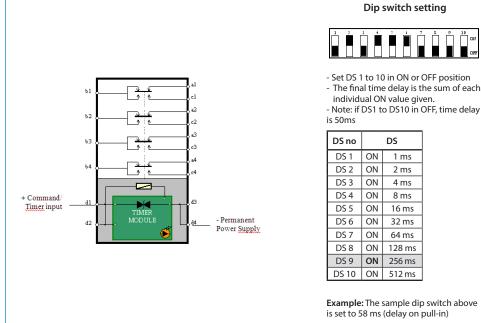




### Functional and connection diagrams



#### **Connection diagram**













- Set DS 1 to 10 in ON or OFF position - The final time delay is the sum of each

is set to 58 ms (delay on pull-in)

## **Timing characteristics**

Time function	Delay-on pull-in
Total time delay range	50 ms 1.023 s
Time delay adjustment	Fixed after setting the dip switch (access available by removing relay cover)
Adjustment / repeatability accuracy	< 2% (td > 5 s), < 10% (td=0.25 s up to 5 s) / < 0.1% (td = time delay)
	(Adjustment with power off)

# Coil data

Keying	Unom (VDC)	Uoperating (VDC)	Pnom (W)	R coil (Ω) <sup>(1)</sup>	L/R (ms) <sup>(2)</sup>
GPeA	24	16 / 33	3	185	30
HPeA	36	25 / 45	3	475	30
JPeA	48	33 / 60	3	750	30
KPeA	72	48 / 90	3	1700	30
MPeA	96	65 / 120	3	3000	30
LPeA	110	75 / 138	3	4000	30
LOeA	125	87 / 157	3	4000	30

(1) Coil resistance tol.: ± 8% at 20 °C
 (2) Valid for closed relay

## Contact data

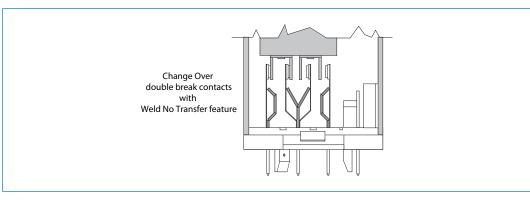
Nominal current	12 A resistive				
Nominal breaking capacity and life	3 A at 72 VDC	L/R : 0 ms	Electrical life: 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> op.		
	1 A at 72 VDC	L/R: 30 ms	Electrical life: 2.5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> op.		
	3 A at 220 VAC 50 Hz	cosØ=1	Electrical life: 2.5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> op.		
	Lamp filament circuit: 200 W at	: 72 VDC	Electrical life: 5 x 10 <sup>5</sup> op.		
Contact overload withstand	At 24 VDC: 200 A at L/R = 0 for 10 ms				
	(10 operations at the rate of 1 operation per minute)				
Contact closure time	Pick-up time N/O < 55 ms	Drop-	out* time N/C < 25 ms		
Contact opening time	Pick-up time N/C < 50 ms	Drop-	out* time N/O < 15 ms		
Minimum contact continuity	20 mA at 24 VDC				
Number of contacts	4 double make / double break contacts (form Z)				
Contact material	Hard silver overlay laminated to copper				
Contact resistance initial	$10 \text{ m}\Omega$ max at 5 A				
end of life	$40 \text{ m}\Omega$ max at 5 A				







## Contact design



## **Electrical characteristics**

Dielectric strength	2000 VAC, 1 min between contacts
	2600 VAC, 1 min between contacts, coil and frame
Insulation resistance	$\geq 1000 \text{ M}\Omega$ at 500 VDC

### Mechanical & environmental characteristics

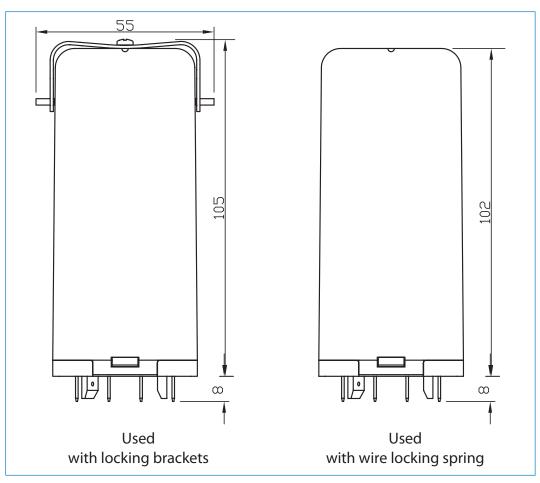
Vibration	NF F 62-002 The tests are conducted in the X, Y, Z planes at frequency between
	10 & 150 cycles (sinusoidal) at 2 g
	IEC 61373
Shock	<ul> <li>NF F 62-002 Tests are applied in both directions in the X, Y &amp; Z planes. Then successive shocks are administered consisting of the positive component of sinusoidal with a value of 30 g, 11 ms</li> <li>IEC 61373</li> <li>Other vibration and shock tests can be performed on request</li> </ul>
Mechanical life	1 1 1
	$> 100 \times 10^6$ operations
Weight	450 g (15.8 ounces)
Temperature	-40 °C+85 °C
Humidity	93% RH, 40° C for 4 days
Salt mist	5% NaCl, 35° C for 4 days
Protection	IP40 (relay on socket)
Fire & smoke	Materials: Polycarbonate (cover) / polyester melamine (base)
	Note: These materials have been tested for fire propagation and smoke emission
	according standards NF F 16-101, NF F 16-102.







## **Dimensions (mm)**





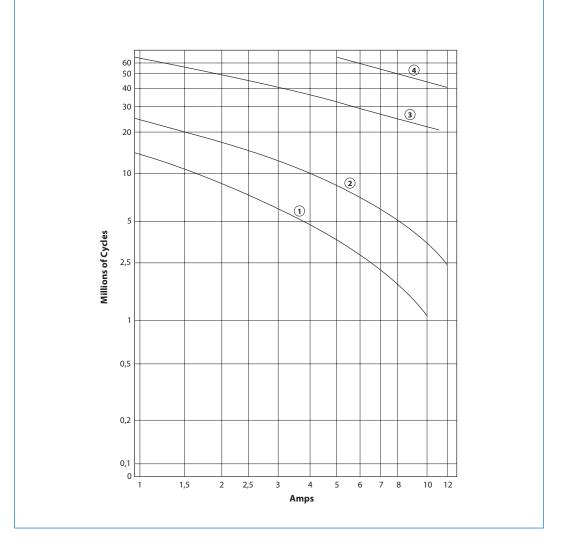




# Dynamic relay selection curve No 1

AC Current breaking capacity versus life expectancy in millions of cycles. Rate of contacts opening and closing = 1200 operations per hour. Curves shown for resistive load (Power Factor = 1).

Curve	1	2	3	4
VAC	220	125	48	24









### Dynamic relay selection curve No 2

DC Current breaking capacity versus life expectancy in millions of cycles. Rate of contacts opening and closing = 1200 operations per hour.

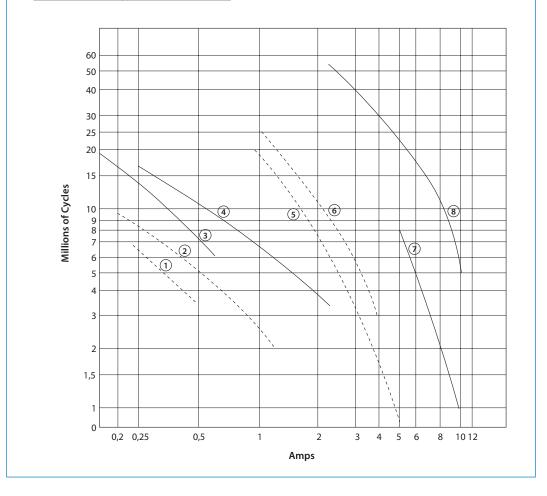
Curves shown for inductive load -

- L/R= 20 ms continuous current

---- L/R= 40 ms continuous current

 $^{*}$  By connecting 2 contacts in series, DC current breaking capacity increases by 50 %

Curves	1-3	2-4	5-7	6-8
VDC	220	125	48	24







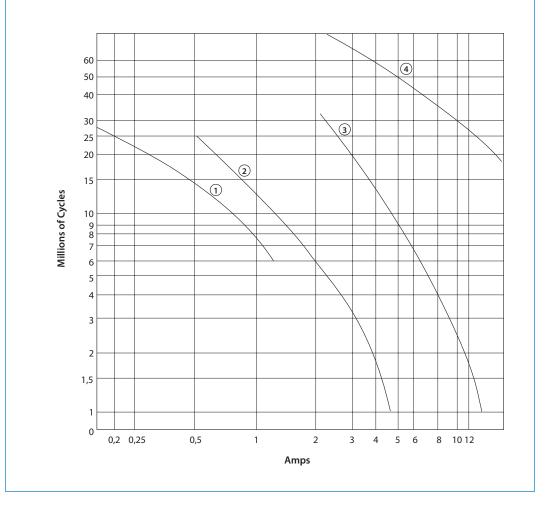
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### Dynamic relay selection curve No 3

**DC Current breaking capacity versus life expectancy in millions of cycles.** Rate of contacts opening and closing = 1200 operations per hour. Curves shown for resistive load (L/R = 0). Continuous current.

 $^{*}$  By connecting 2 contacts in series, DC current breaking capacity increases by 50 %

Curve	1	2	3	4
VDC	220	125	48	24





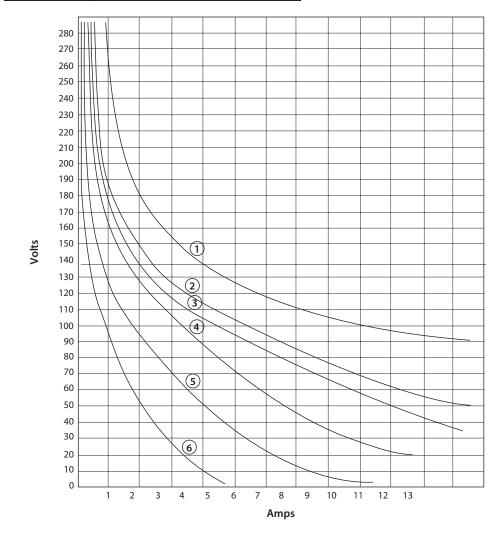


### Dynamic relay selection curve No 4

Maximum contact breaking capacity versus voltage for a given L/R. Rate of contacts opening and closing = 600 operations per hour. Curves shown for resistive load (L/R=0) and inductive loads. Continuous current.

Life expectancy: 2 Millions of Cycles

Curve	1	2	3	4	5	6
L/R=	0ms	15ms	20ms	40ms	60ms	100ms





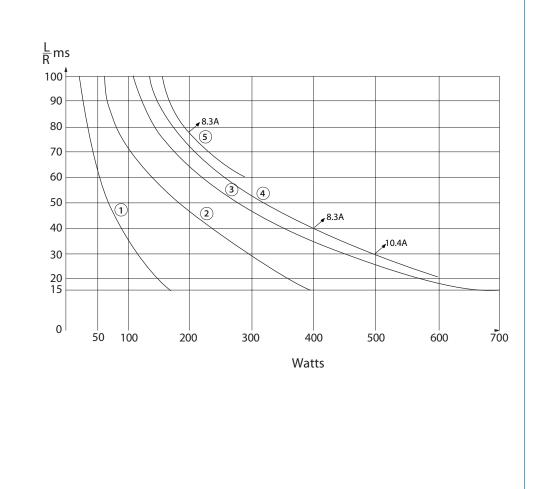


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# Dynamic relay selection curve No 5

Maximum power interruption versus load time constant (L/R) for a given voltage. Curves shown for resistive loads. I = P/V.

Curve	1	2	3	4	5
VDC	220	125	72	48	24

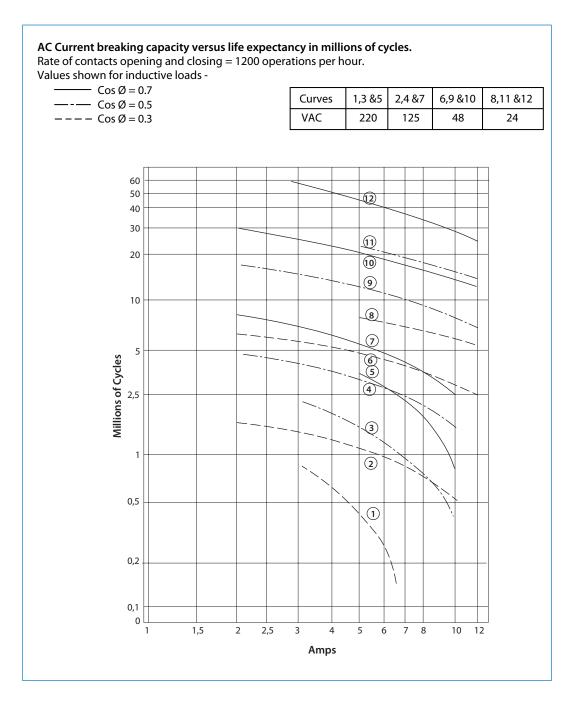








### Dynamic relay selection curve No 6

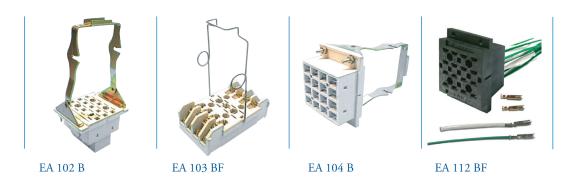






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# **TBSBAO 400 relay** Mounting possiblities / sockets



#### Panel/flush mounting

EA 102 B	Locking bracket (905843), rear connection, double Faston 5 mm
EA 102 BF	Wire locking spring (926853), rear connection, single Faston 5 mm
EA 104 B	Locking bracket (905843), rear connection, single Faston 5 x 0.8 mm
EA 104 BF	Wire locking spring (926853), rear connection, single Faston 5 x 0.8mm
EA 112 BF	Wire locking spring (926853), rear connection, crimp contact

### Surface/wall mounting

EA 103 BF*	Wire locking spring (926853), front connection, M3 screw 6.5 mm ring terminals
	$(2,5 \text{ mm}^2)$
EA 105 BF*	Wire locking spring (926853), front connection, single Faston 5 mm

\* Mounting possibility on 35 mm rail EN 50022 by adding suffix D to the part number (see socket datasheet)

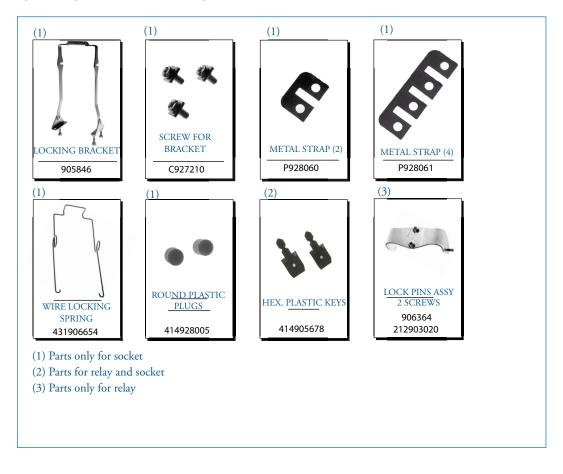
Note: Keying of relay to socket can be specified by adding the keying letters in the part number. See all details in the related socket datasheet.





# **TBSBAO 400 relay** Spare parts

# Spare parts - order part numbers











# TBSBAO 400 relay Instructions

#### Installation

Install socket and connect wiring correctly according identification to terminals. Plug relay into socket. Reverse installation into socket not possible due to mechanical blocking by snap-lock. Don't reverse polarity of coil connection. Relays can be mounted (tightly) next to each other and in any attitude. **Warning!** Never use silicon near by relays

#### Operation

Before operating always apply voltage to coil to check correct operation.

Long term storage may corrode the silver on the relay pins. Just by plugging the relay into the socket, the female bifurcated receivers will automatically clean the corrosion on the pins and guarantee a good connection. Do not use the relay in places with flammable gas as the arc generated from switching could ignite gasses.

#### Maintenance

Correct operation of relay can easily be checked as transparent cover gives good visibility on the moving contacts. When the relay doesn't seem to operate correct, please check presence of coil voltage. Use a multimeter. If LED is used, coil presence should be indicated. If coil voltage is present, but the relay doesn't work, a short circuit of suppression diode is possible (The coil connection was reversed). If relay doesn't work after inspection, please replace relay unit by a similar model. Send defective relay back to manufacturer. Normal wear and tear excluded.

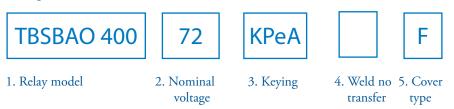






# **TBSBAO 400 relay** Ordering scheme

Configuration:



This example represents a **TBSBAO 400 72 KPeA F**.

Description: TBSBAO 400 relay, Unom: 72 VDC, keying KPeA, relay cover for wire locking spring.

### 1. Relay model



### 2 & 3. Nominal voltage and keying

24 GPeA	24 VDC
36 HPeA	36 VDC
48 JPeA	48 VDC
72 KPeA	72 VDC
96 MPeA	96 VDC
110 LPeA	110 VDC
125 LOeA	125 VDC

#### 4. Weld no transfer

Weld no transfer

#### 5. Relay cover type

-	Relay cover with lock pins
F	Relay cover forwire locking spring















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#### Mors Smitt France SAS

Tour Rosny 2, Avenue du Général de Gaulle, F - 93118 Rosny-sous-Bois Cedex, FRANCE T +33 (0)1 4812 1440, F +33 (0)1 4855 9001 E sales.msf@wabtec.com

#### Mors Smitt Asia Ltd.

29/F., Fun Towers, 35 Hung To Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon, HONG KONG SAR T +852 2343 5555, F +852 2343 6555 E sales.msa@wabtec.com

#### Mors Smitt B.V.

Vrieslantlaan 6, 3526 AA Utrecht, NETHERLANDS T +31 (0)30 288 1311, F +31 (0)30 289 8816 E sales.msbv@wabtec.com

#### Mors Smitt Technologies Inc.

1010 Johnson Drive, Buffalo Grove, IL 60089-6918, USA T +1 847 777 6497, F +1 847 520 2222 E salesmst@wabtec.com

#### Mors Smitt UK Ltd.

Graycar Business Park, Barton under Needwood, Burton on Trent, Staffordshire, DE13 8EN, UK T +44 (0)1283 722650 F +44 (0)1283 722651 E sales.msuk@wabtec.com

**RMS Mors Smitt** 

6 Anzed Court, Mulgrave, VIC 3170, AUSTRALIA T +61 (0)3 8544 1200 F +61 (0)3 8544 1201 E sales.rms@wabtec.com

